

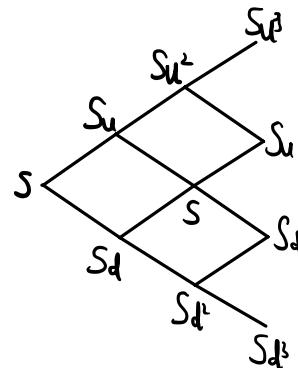
某股票价格为 90 美元，利用三步二叉树计算期权价格：(a) 9 个月期限、执行价格为 93 美元的美式看涨期权；(b) 9 个月期限、执行价格为 93 美元的美式看跌期权。波动率为 28%，无风险利率（所有期限）为 3%（连续复利）。

即  $\Delta t = \text{三个月} = 0.25\text{年}$

解：由题  $\Delta t = \frac{1}{4}$ ,  $r = 3\%$ ,  $\sigma = 28\%$

$$u = e^{\sigma\sqrt{\Delta t}} = e^{0.28\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}}} \approx 1.150, d = \frac{1}{u} \approx 0.869$$

$$p = \frac{e^{r\Delta t} - d}{u - d} = \frac{e^{0.03 \times \frac{1}{4}} - d}{u - d} \approx 0.493$$



则有： $S_{u^3} = u^3 \cdot S_0 = 1.15^3 \times 90 = 136.879$        $S_{d^3} = d^3 \cdot S_0 = 0.869^3 \times 90 = 59.061$

$$S_{u^2} = u^2 \cdot S_0 = 1.15^2 \times 90 = 119.025$$

$$S_{d^2} = d^2 \cdot S_0 = 0.869^2 \times 90 = 67.964$$

$$S_u = u \cdot S_0 = 1.15 \times 90 = 103.5$$

$$S_d = d \cdot S_0 = 0.869 \times 90 = 78.21$$

又因上涨与下跌幅度不变，故有  $S_{ud} = S_{du} = S = 90$

$$S_{u^2d} = S_u = 103.5 \quad S_{ud^2} = S_d = 78.21$$

则可利用倒退定价法推算期权价值：

(a) 对于  $K=93$  的 9 月美式看涨期权有：

$$f_{u^3} = \max \{0, S_{u^3} - K\} = \max \{0, 136.879 - 93\} = 43.879$$

$$f_{ud^2} = \max \{0, S_{ud^2} - K\} = \max \{0, 103.5 - 93\} = 10.5$$

$$f_{u^2d^2} = \max \{0, S_{u^2d^2} - K\} = \max \{0, 78.21 - 93\} = 0$$

$$f_{d^3} = \max \{0, S_{d^3} - K\} = \max \{0, 59.061 - 93\} = 0$$

↓

$$f_{u^2} = \max \{S_{u^2} - K, e^{-0.03 \times \frac{1}{4}} (0.493 \times 43.879 + 0.507 \times 10.5)\} = 26.754$$

$$f_{ud} = \max \{S_{ud} - K, e^{-0.03 \times \frac{1}{4}} (0.493 \times 10.5 + 0.507 \times 0)\} = 5.138$$

$$f_{d^2} = \max \{S_{d^2} - K, 0\} = 0$$

↓

$$f_u = \max \{ S_u - K, e^{0.03 \times \frac{1}{4}} (0.493 \times 26.754 + 0.507 \times 5.138) \} = 15.677$$

$$f_d = \max \{ S_d - K, e^{-0.03 \times \frac{1}{4}} (0.493 \times 5.138 + 0.507 \times 0) \} = 2.514$$

↓

$$f = e^{-0.03 \times \frac{1}{4}} (0.493 \times 15.677 + 0.507 \times 2.514) = 8.936.$$

1b) 对于  $K=93$  的 9 个月美式看跌期权:

$$f_{u^3} = \max \{ 0, K - S_{u^3} \} = \max \{ 0, -43.879 \} = 0$$

$$f_{ud^2} = \max \{ 0, K - S_{ud^2} \} = \max \{ 0, -10.5 \} = 0$$

$$f_{ud^1} = \max \{ 0, K - S_{ud^1} \} = \max \{ 0, 14.79 \} = 14.79$$

$$f_{d^3} = \max \{ 0, K - S_{d^3} \} = \max \{ 0, 33.939 \} = 33.939$$

↓

$$f_{u^2} = \max \{ K - S_{u^2}, e^{0.03 \times \frac{1}{4}} (0.493 \times 0 + 0.507 \times 0) \} = 0$$

$$f_{ud} = \max \{ K - S_{ud}, e^{-0.03 \times \frac{1}{4}} (0.493 \times 0 + 0.507 \times 14.79) \} = 7.443$$

$$f_{d^2} = \max \{ K - S_{d^2}, e^{-0.03 \times \frac{1}{4}} (0.493 \times 14.79 + 0.507 \times 33.939) \} = 25.036$$

↓

$$f_u = \max \{ K - S_u, e^{0.03 \times \frac{1}{4}} (0.493 \times 0 + 0.507 \times 7.443) \} = 3.745$$

$$f_d = \max \{ K - S_d, e^{-0.03 \times \frac{1}{4}} (0.493 \times 7.443 + 0.507 \times 25.036) \} = 16.24$$

↓

$$f = e^{-0.03 \times \frac{1}{4}} (0.493 \times 3.745 + 0.507 \times 16.24) = 10.005$$